

**Aufgabe 1**

a)

$$f(x) = 12 \cdot \sin(x)$$

$$f'(x) = 12 \cdot \cos(x)$$

b)

$$f(x) = -2 \cdot \cos(x)$$

$$f'(x) = 2 \cdot \sin(x)$$

c)

$$f(x) = \sqrt{5} \cdot \cos(x)$$

$$f'(x) = -\sqrt{5} \cdot \sin(x)$$

d)

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \sin(x)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \cos(x)$$

e)

$$f(x) = 5x^3 - \sin(x)$$

$$f'(x) = 15x^2 - \cos(x)$$

f)

$$f(x) = 2 \cos(x) - \sin(x)$$

$$f'(x) = -2 \sin(x) - \cos(x)$$

## Aufgabe 2

$$x_0 = \pi$$

a)

$$f(x) = -9 \sin(x)$$

$$f'(x) = -9 \cos(x)$$

$$m_t = f'(\pi) = -9 \cos(\pi) = 9$$

b)

$$f(x) = 5 + \cos(x)$$

$$f'(x) = -\sin(x)$$

$$m_t = f'(\pi) = -\sin(\pi) = 0$$

c)

$$f(x) = 5x - \cos(x)$$

$$f'(x) = 5 + \sin(x)$$

$$m_t = f'(\pi) = 5 + \sin(\pi) = 5$$

**Aufgabe 3**

a)

$$f(x) = \cos(x)$$
$$f\left(\frac{7}{4}\pi\right) = \cos\left(\frac{7}{4}\pi\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$
$$\left(\frac{7}{4}\pi \mid \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$t(x) = m_t \cdot x + b$$

$$m_t = f'(x) = -\sin(x)$$

$$f'\left(\frac{7}{4}\pi\right) = -\sin\left(\frac{7}{4}\pi\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$t(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + b$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{7}{4}\pi + b$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{7\pi\sqrt{2}}{8} + b$$

$$\frac{4 - 7\pi}{4\sqrt{2}} = b$$

$$t(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + \frac{4 - 7\pi}{4\sqrt{2}}$$

**b)**

$$f(x) = 3 \sin(x)$$
$$f\left(\frac{5\pi}{3}\right) = 3 \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{3}\right) = -\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}$$
$$\left(\frac{5\pi}{3} \mid -\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$t(x) = m_t \cdot x + b$$

$$m_t = f'(x) = 3 \cos(x)$$
$$f'\left(\frac{5\pi}{3}\right) = 3 \cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$t(x) = \frac{3}{2}x + b$$
$$-\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{5\pi}{3} + b$$
$$-\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{5\pi}{2} + b$$
$$-\frac{3\sqrt{3} + 5\pi}{2} = b$$

$$t(x) = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{3\sqrt{3} + 5\pi}{2}$$

c)

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) &= x + 2 \sin(x) \\f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) &= \frac{\pi}{4} + 2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4} + \sqrt{2} \\&\left(\frac{\pi}{4} \mid \frac{\pi}{4} + \sqrt{2}\right)\end{aligned}$$

$$t(x) = m_t \cdot x + b$$

$$\begin{aligned}m_t &= f'(x) = 1 + 2 \cos(x) \\f'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) &= 1 + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 1 + \sqrt{2}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}t(x) &= (1 + \sqrt{2}) \cdot x + b \\ \frac{\pi}{4} + \sqrt{2} &= (1 + \sqrt{2}) \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} + b \\ \frac{\pi}{4} + \sqrt{2} &= \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot \sqrt{2} + b \\ \sqrt{2} &= \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot \sqrt{2} + b \\ \sqrt{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot \sqrt{2} &= b\end{aligned}$$

$$t(x) = (1 + \sqrt{2}) \cdot x + \sqrt{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$